



AQUA-AEROBIC SYSTEMS, INC.
A Metawater Company

AquaStorm™

Pile Cloth Media Filtration

How Does Peak Flow Management Help
Utilities Meet Monthly Permit Limits and
Regulatory Requirements?

John Dyson

Product Manager – AquaPrime®/AquaStorm™



AquaStormTM

Outline

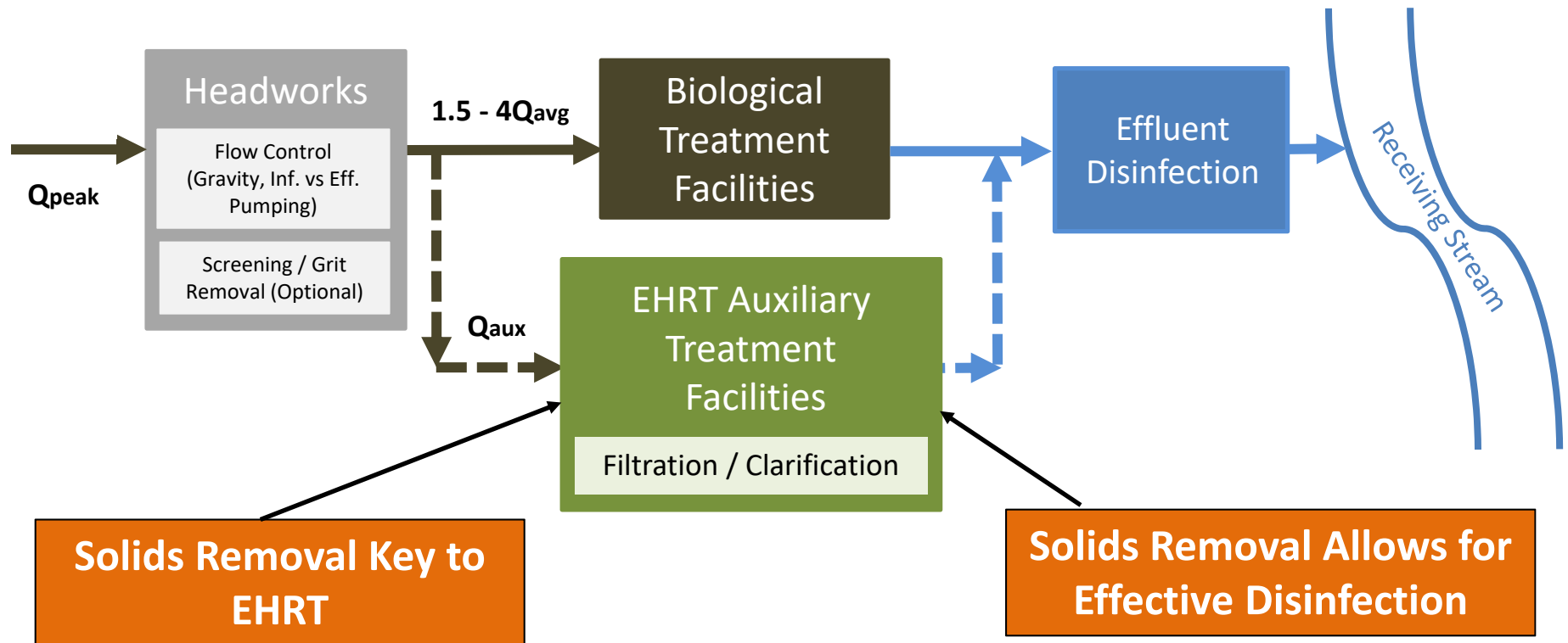
- Wet Weather Treatment
- AquaStorm Operation
- Case Studies
 - Elkhart, IN
 - Rushville, IN
 - MSD of Greater Cincinnati, OH
- Regulatory Update
- Questions



Wet Weather Treatment

WW Optimization of Facility

Parallel Auxiliary Treatment Capacity



Instead of diversion or bypass, either split or intercept peak flows for auxiliary treatment.



Technologies

Wet Weather Technologies

Settling-Based	Filtration-Based	Flotation-Based
1. Conventional Settling - Rectangular, Circular, Square, RTB, Etc.	1. Shallow Granular Media	1. Conventional Floatables Removal - Skimmers, Scum Baffles
2. Vortex - Swirl Concentrator	2. Deep Granular Media	
3. Lamella Settler	3. Microscreens, Woven Media - Salsness, Armor Forty-X, Hydrotech DiscFilter, etc.	2. Dissolved Air Flotation (DAF)
4. Chemically Enhanced Settling	4. Floating Media - Metawater CSO Filter, BKT BBF-F	
a. Conventional Basin - With chemical addition		
b. Sequencing Batch - e.g. ClearCove Flatline EPT		
c. Lamella Settler	5. Pile Cloth Media AquaStorm	3. Polymer-aided DAF - Various suppliers
d. Solids Contact / Recirculation - DensaDeg, ContraFast	6. Compressible Media - Fuzzy Filter, FlexFilter	
e. Ballasted Flocculation - Actiflo, RapidSand, DensaDeg XRC, CoMag	7. Fixed Film Contact - Biological Aerated Filter (BAF), BioFlexFilter	4. Biocontact + DAF - Captivator
5. Suspended Growth Contact - BioActiflo, BioMag, Bio-CES		

Primary Removal Equivalent*

Small Footprint (HRT)

Enhanced Removal

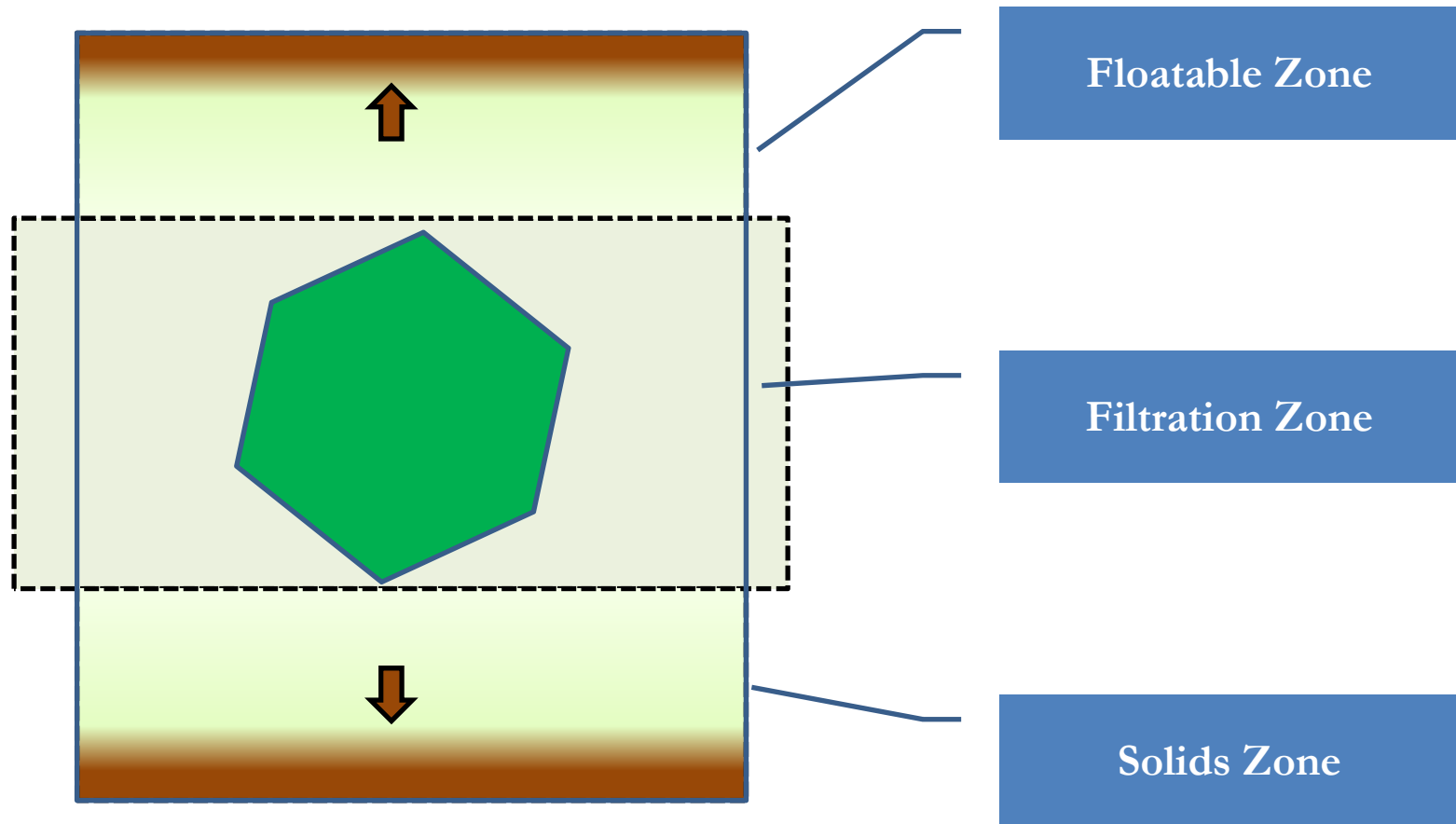
* If Coagulation/flocculation provided, HRT → EHRT (in some cases)



AquaPrime[®] / AquaStorm[™]
Pile Cloth Media Filter Operation

AquaPrime[®] / AquaStorm[™]

Basics - Differentiation



AquaPrime[®] / AquaStorm[™]

PCMF Operational Sequence





AquaStorm™ Procedures

Startup, Shutdown & Storage

Startup

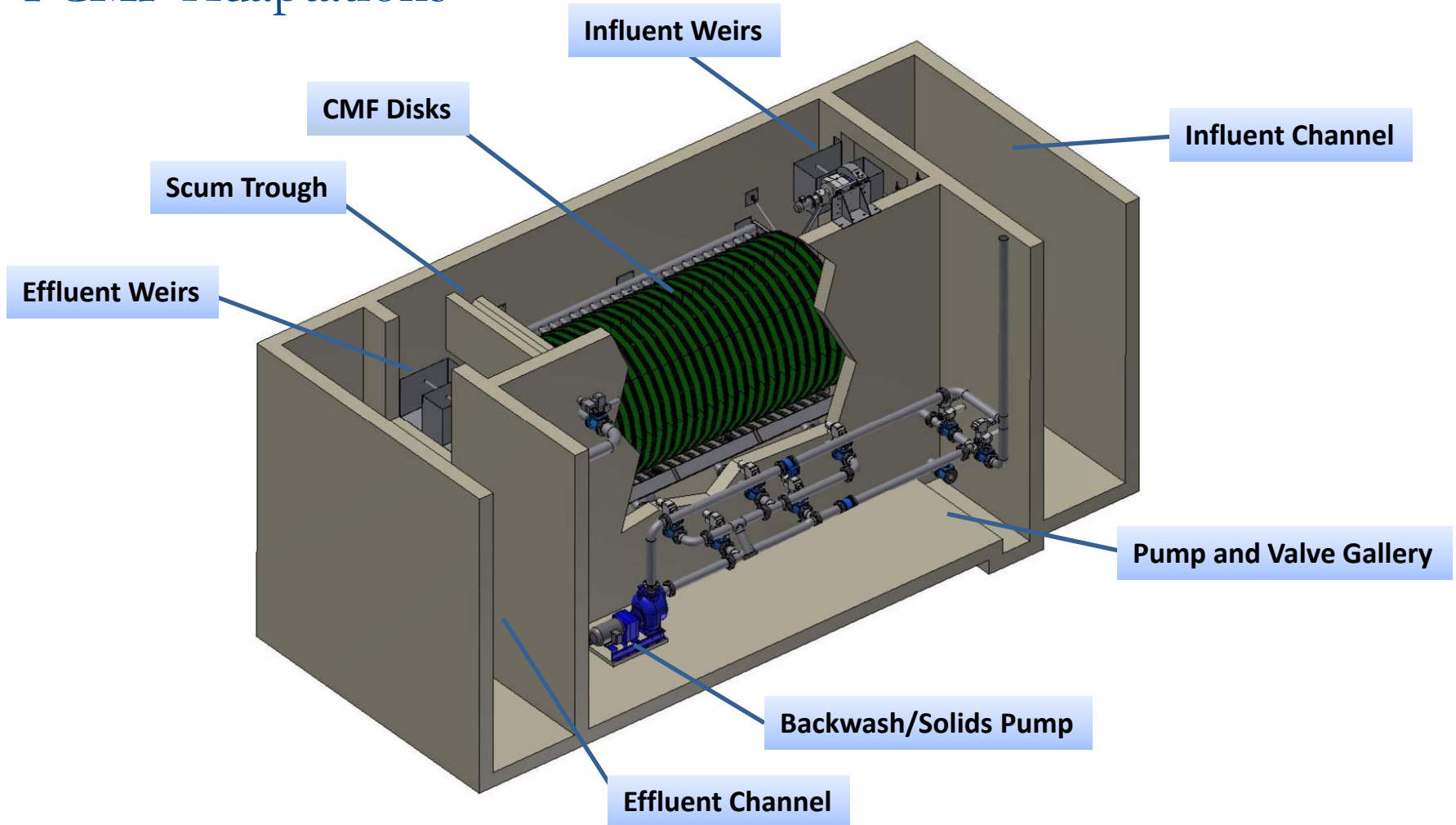
- Open Unit Influent Gate
- Allow the tank to Fill
- In Filtration Mode
- Backwashing and Wasting
are all automatic.

Shutdown/Storage

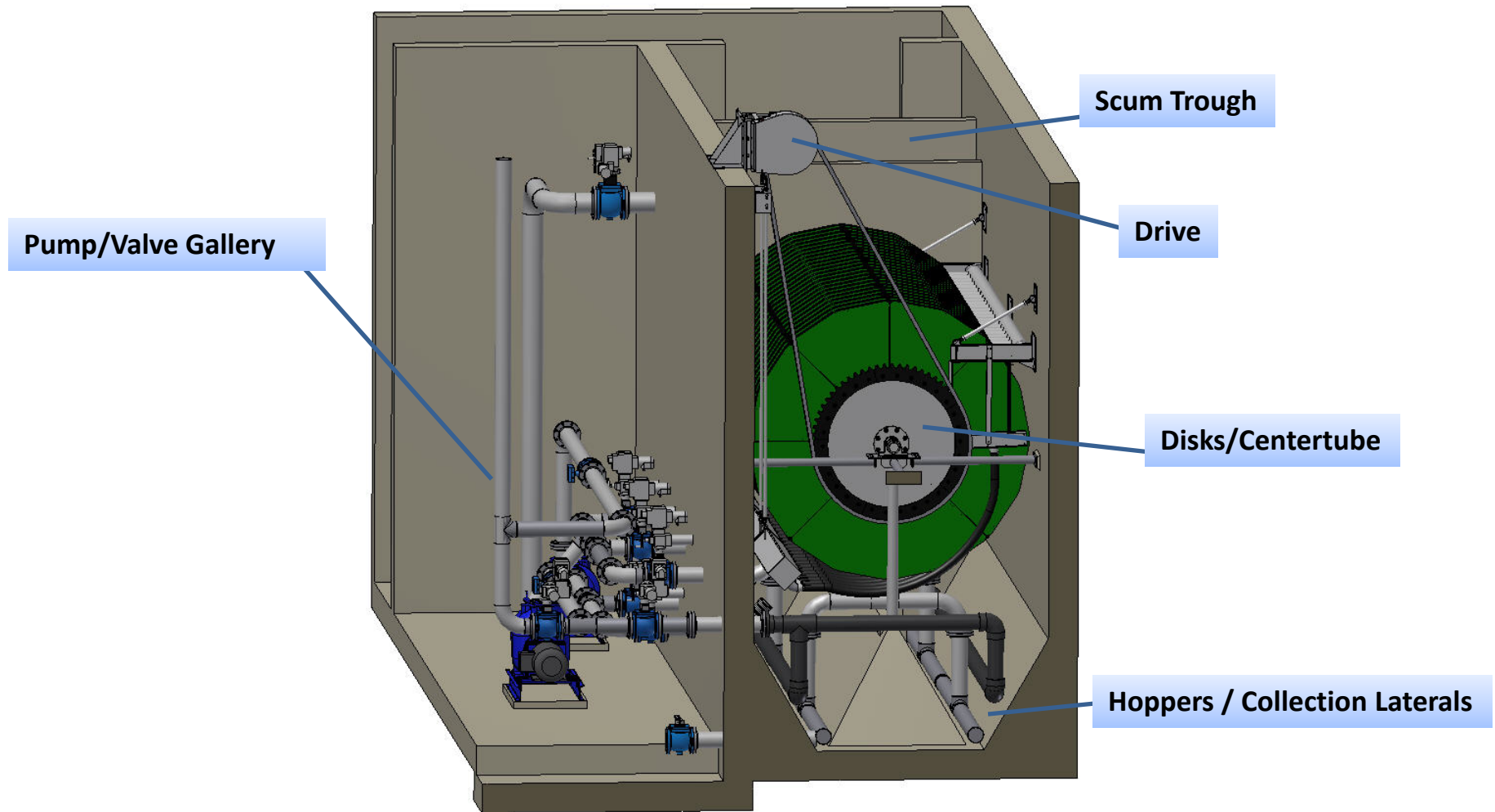
- Close Unit Influent Gate
- Initiation Shutdown Procedure
 - Empty Scum Trough
 - Continuous Backwash
 - Solids Removal
 - Drain remaining water – 1'
- Wash tank down

AquaStormTM

PCMF Adaptations

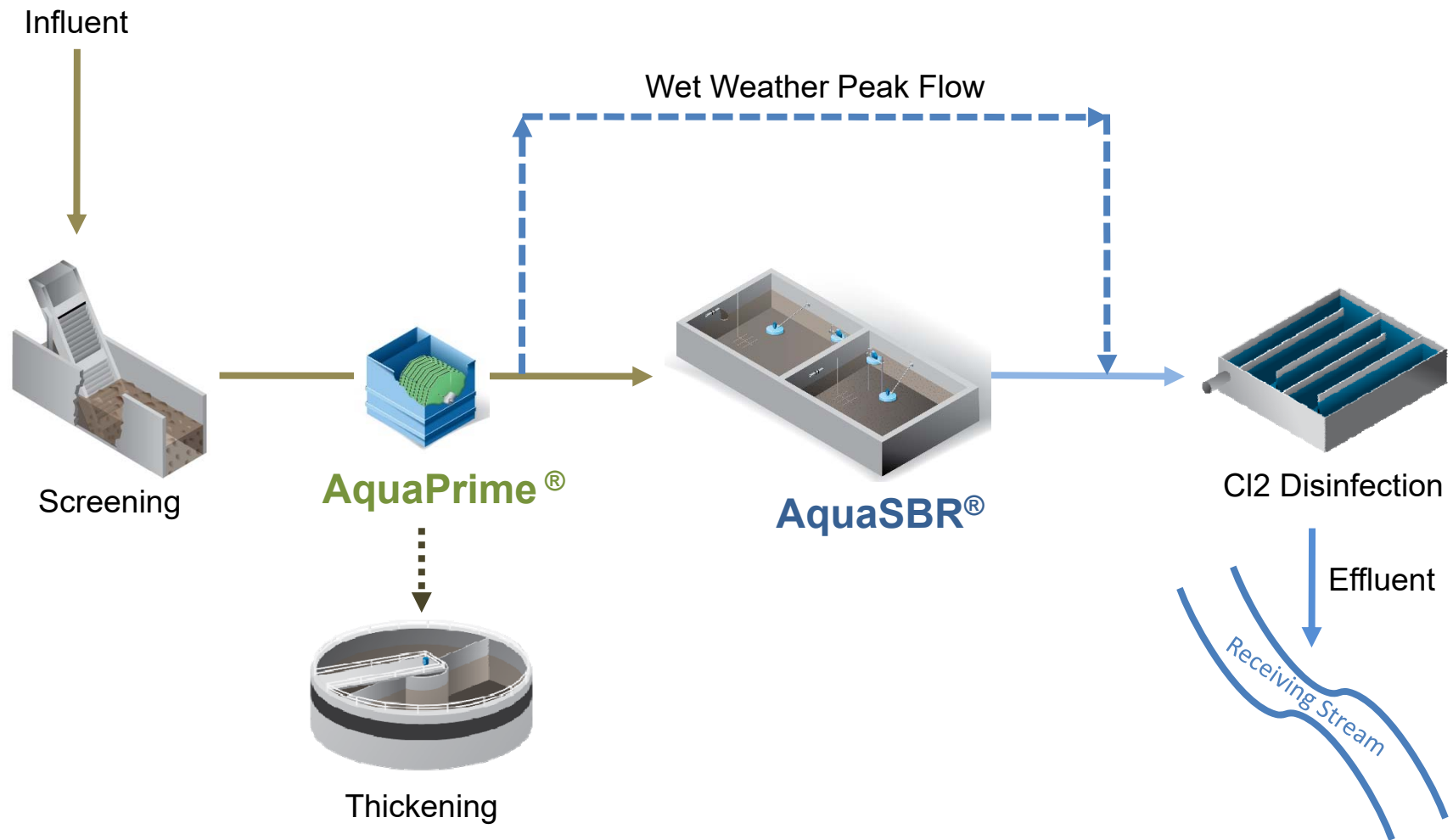


AquaPrime[®] / AquaStorm[™] PCMF Adaptations



AquaPrime® Locations

Dual Use – Primary/WW

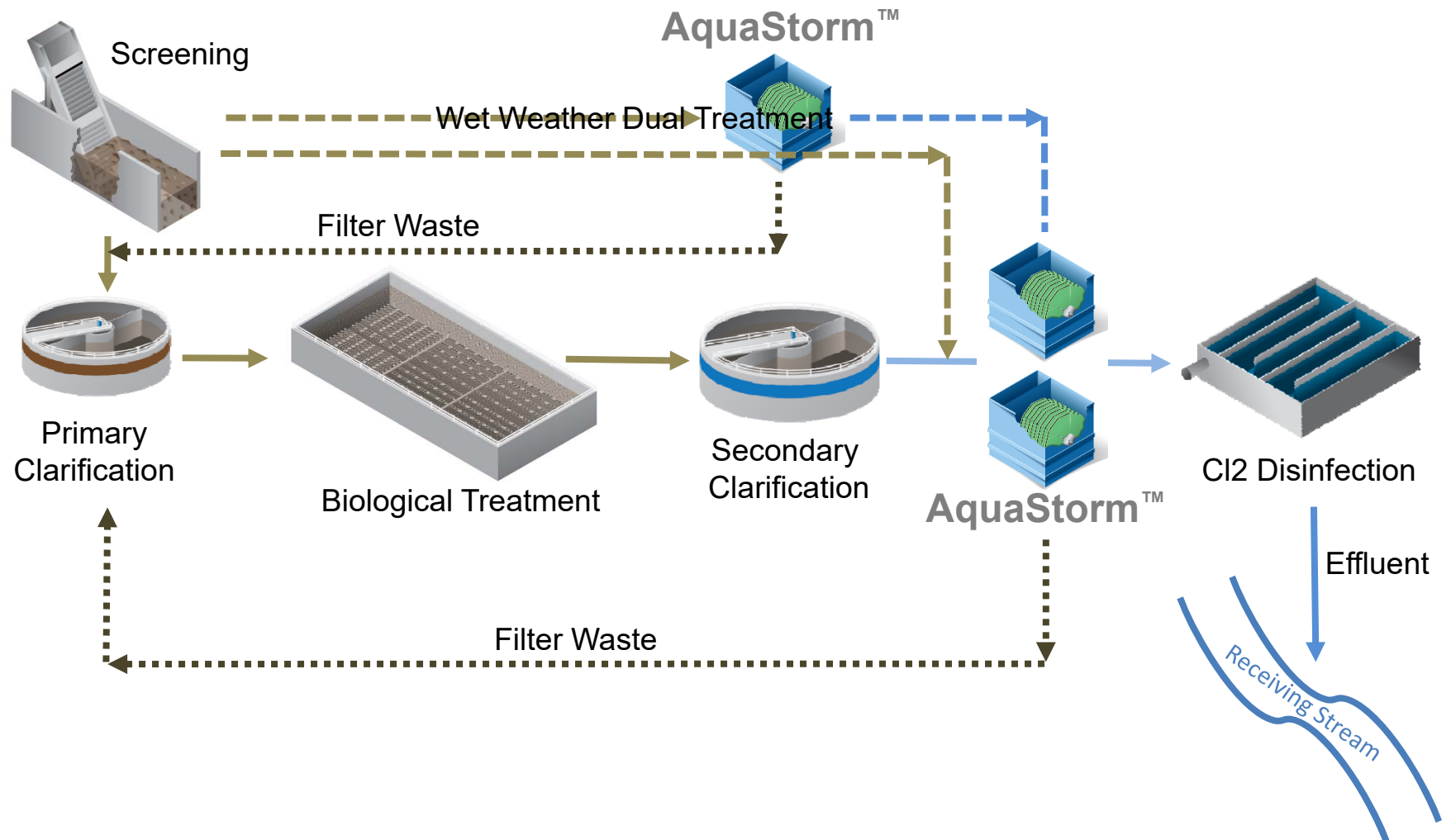


AquaStorm™ Locations



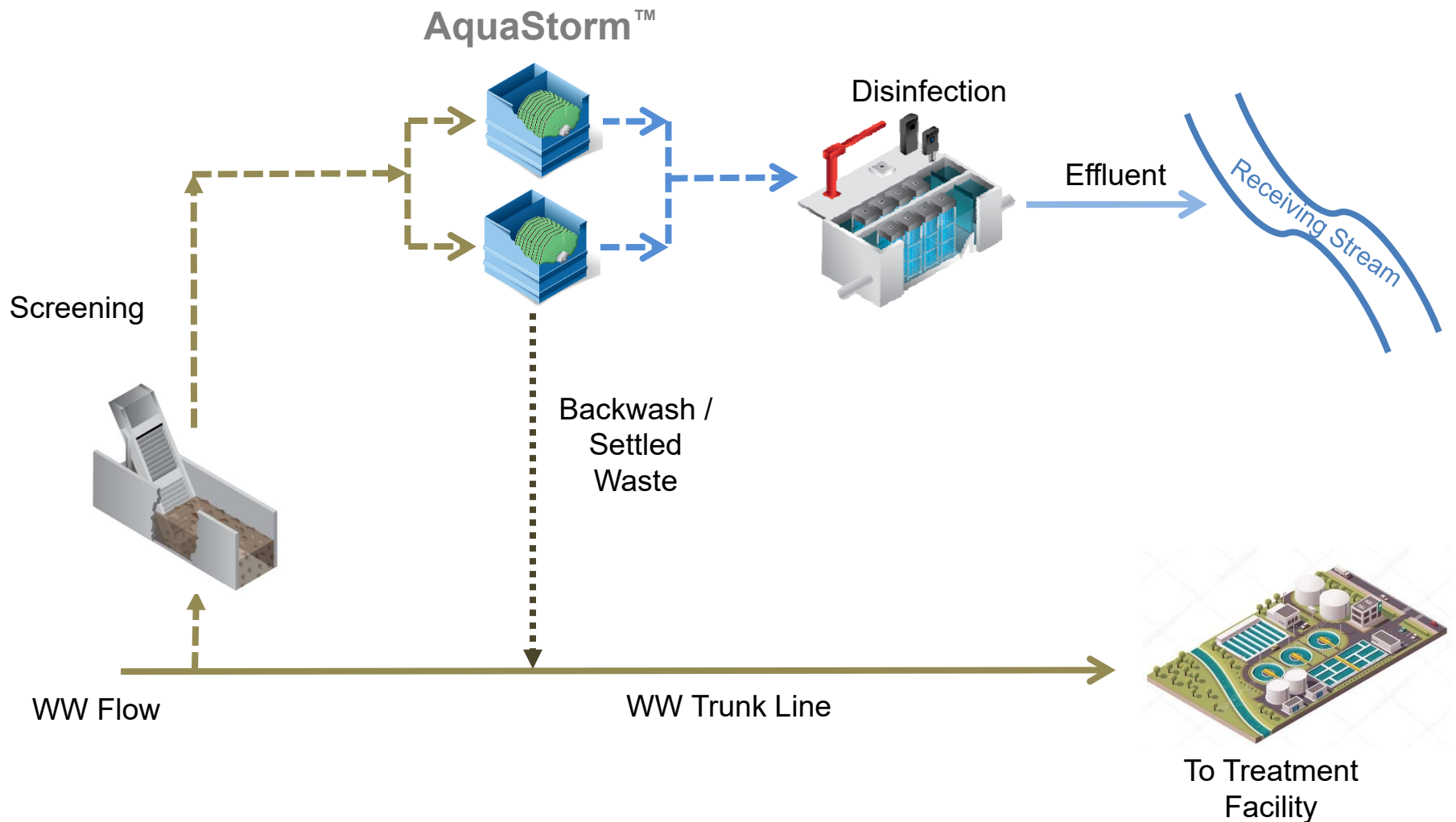
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Arrangements



Remote Wet Weather Treatment

Typical Auxiliary Arrangement

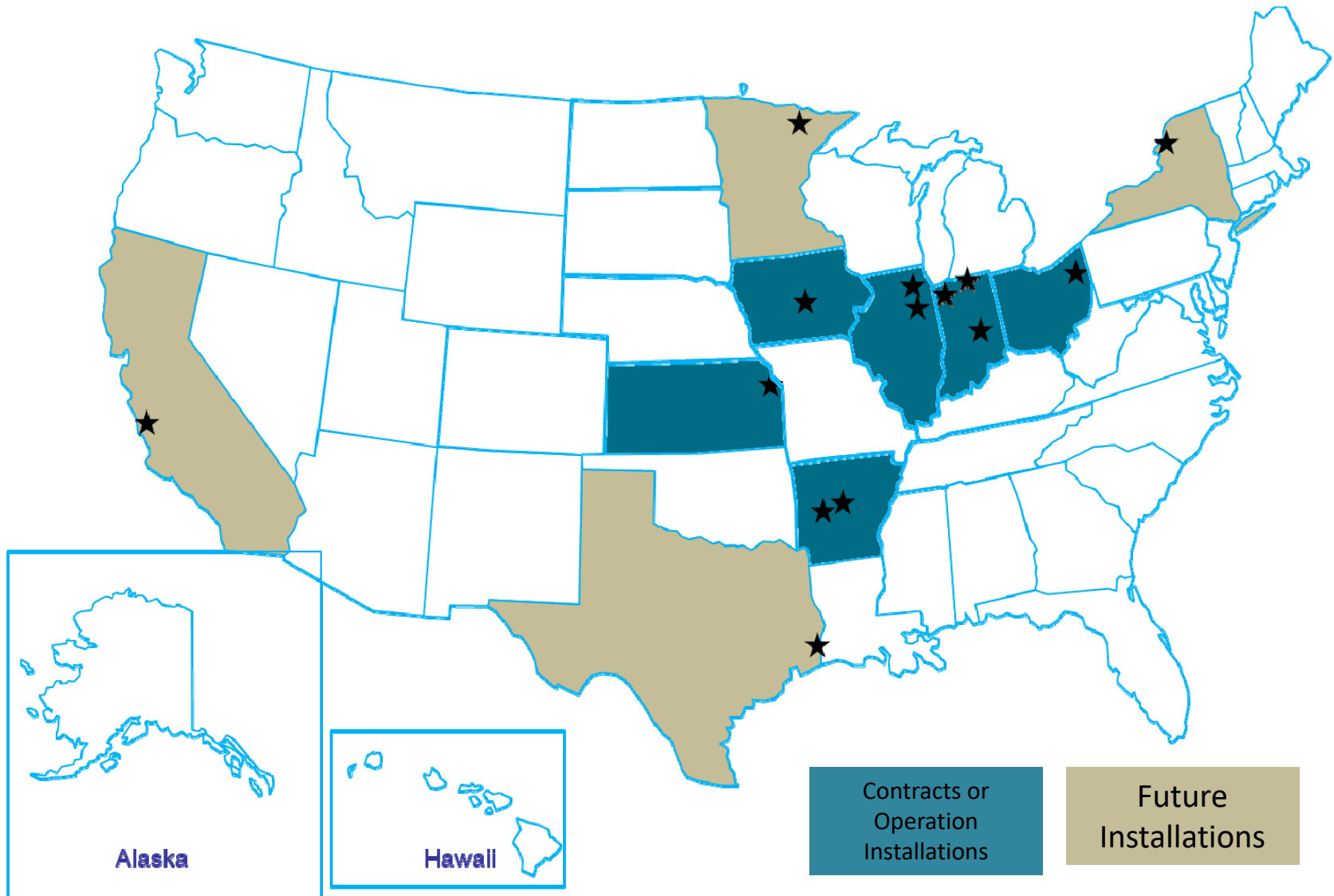




Case Studies

Elkhart, IN, Rushville, IN
&
MSD Cincinnati, OH

AquaStorm™ Location Map



Elkhart, IN

Project Background

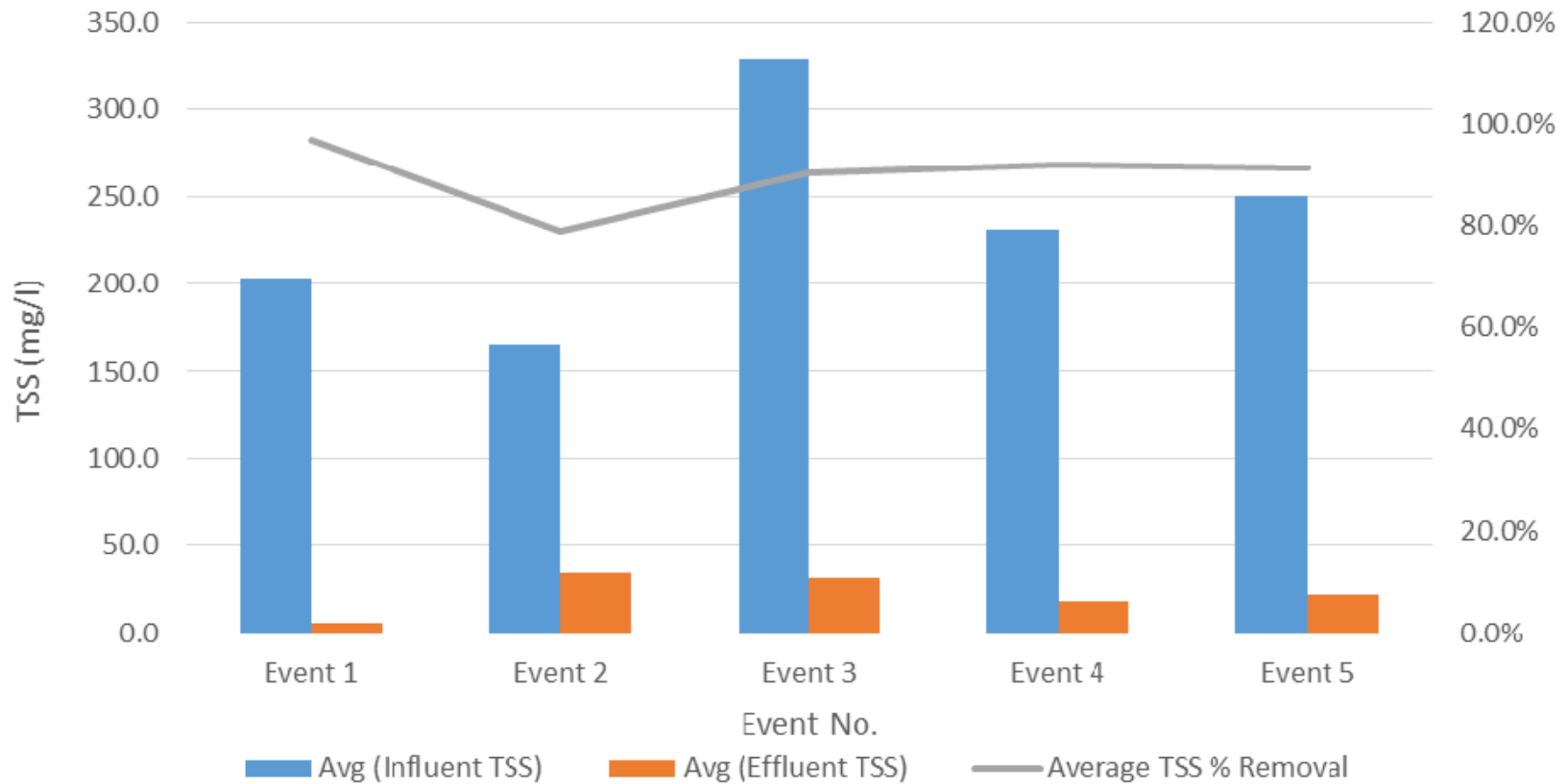
- Existing WWTP Design
 - 14 MGD Avg Flow
 - 30 MGD Peak Biological Capacity
 - Limited due to secondary clarifiers
- Consent Decree requires 60 MGD during WW conditions



Elkhart, IN

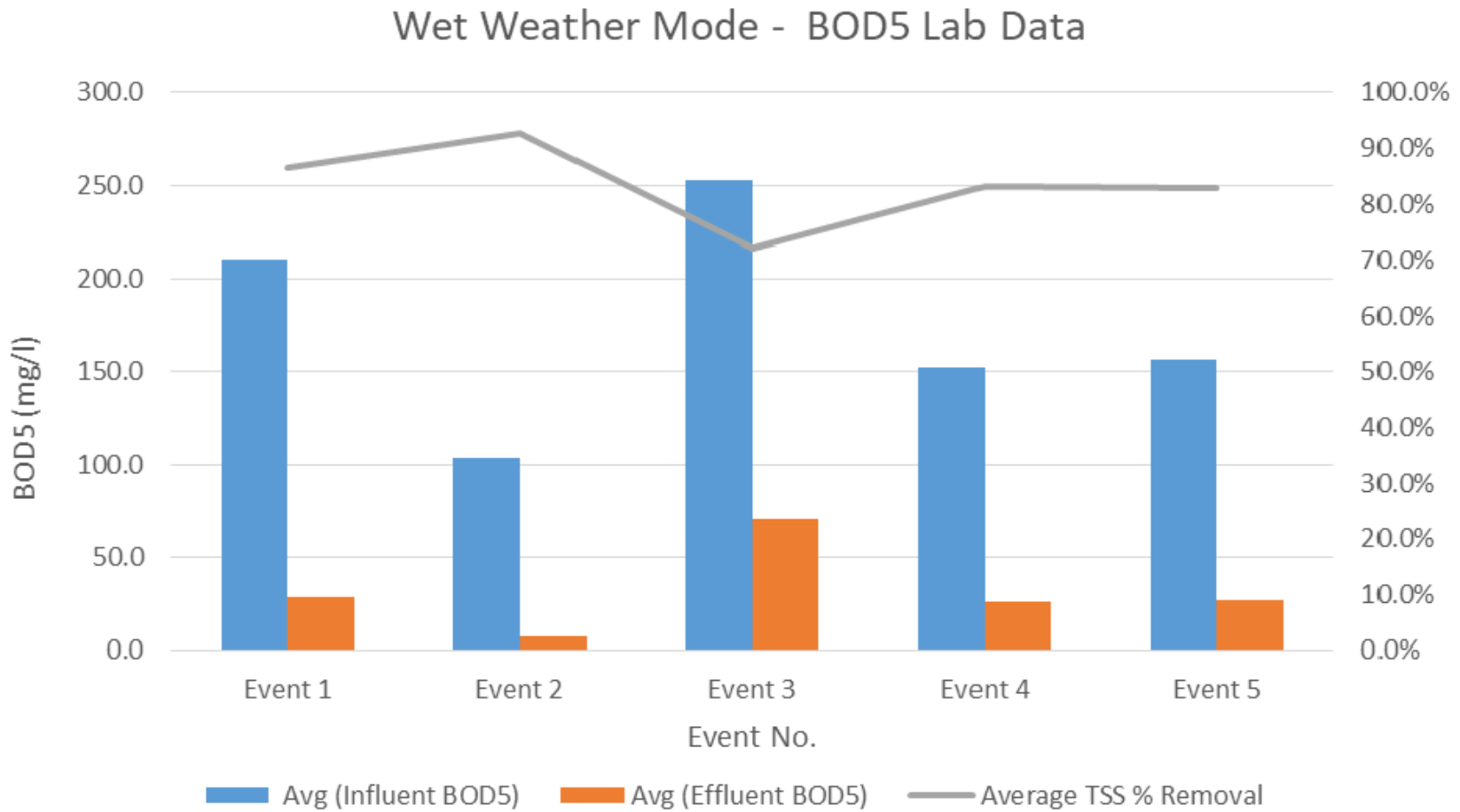
Wet Weather Event Testing

Wet Weather Mode - TSS Lab Data



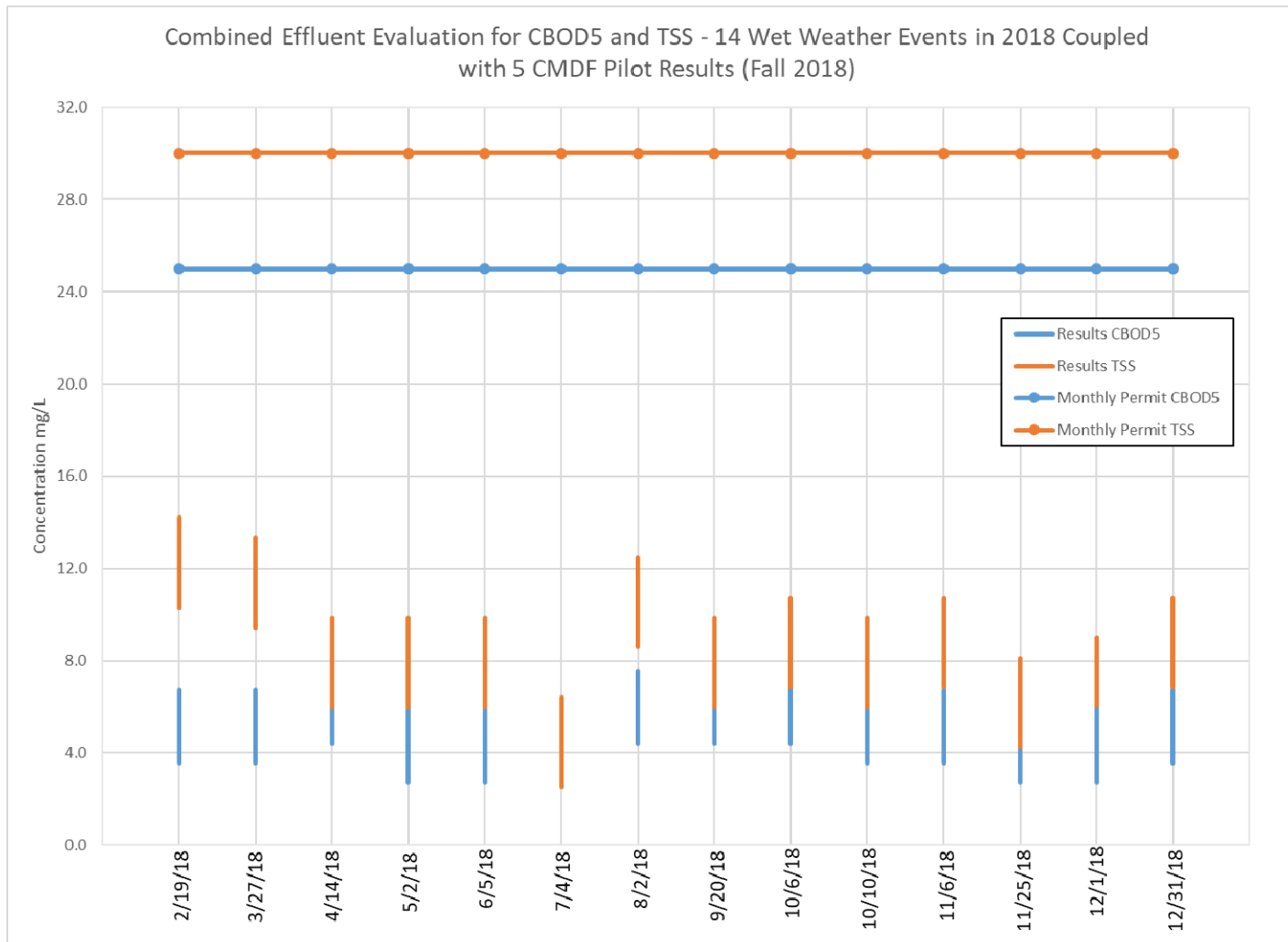
Elkhart, IN

Wet Weather Event Testing



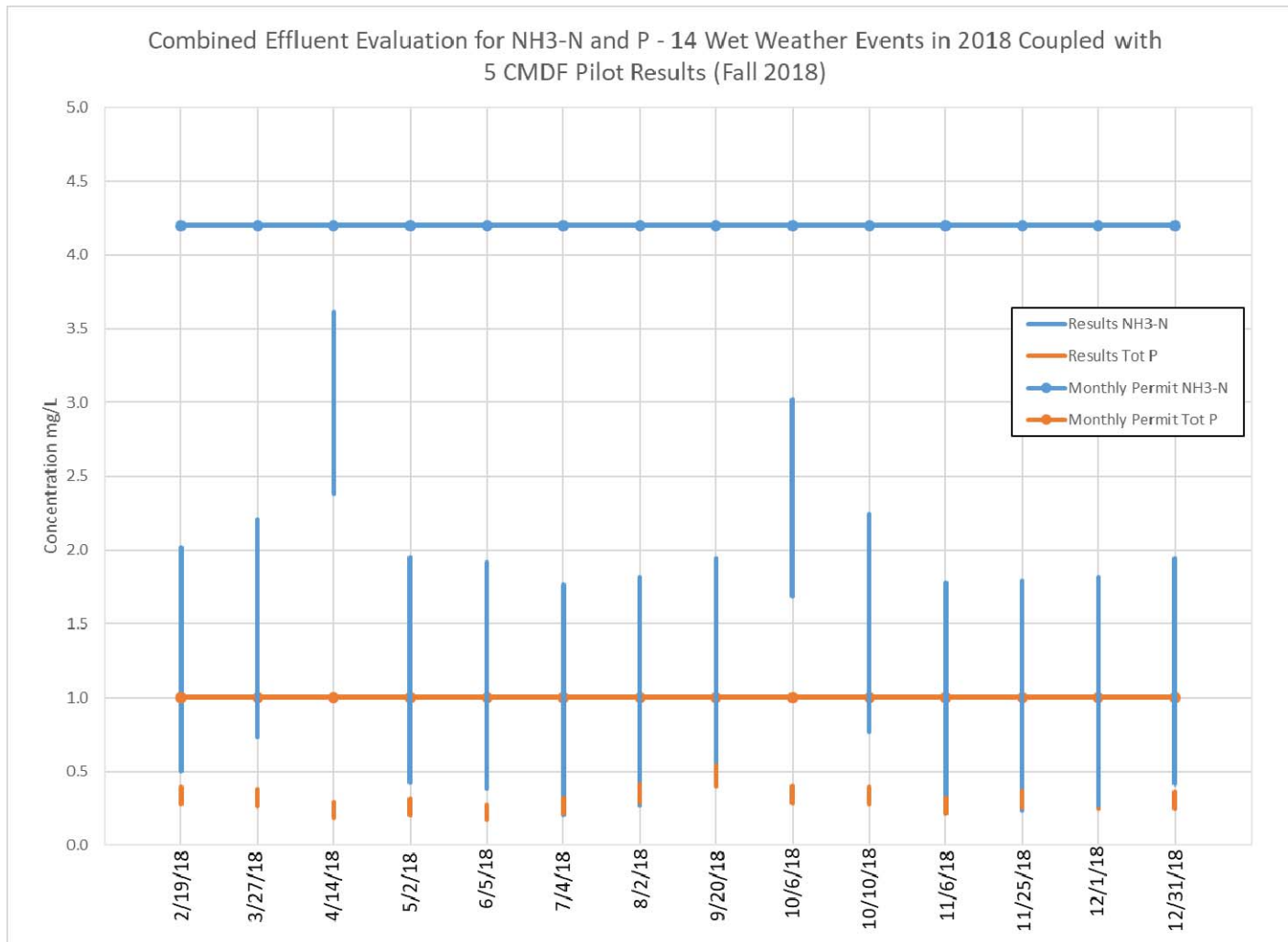
Elkhart, IN

Modeling



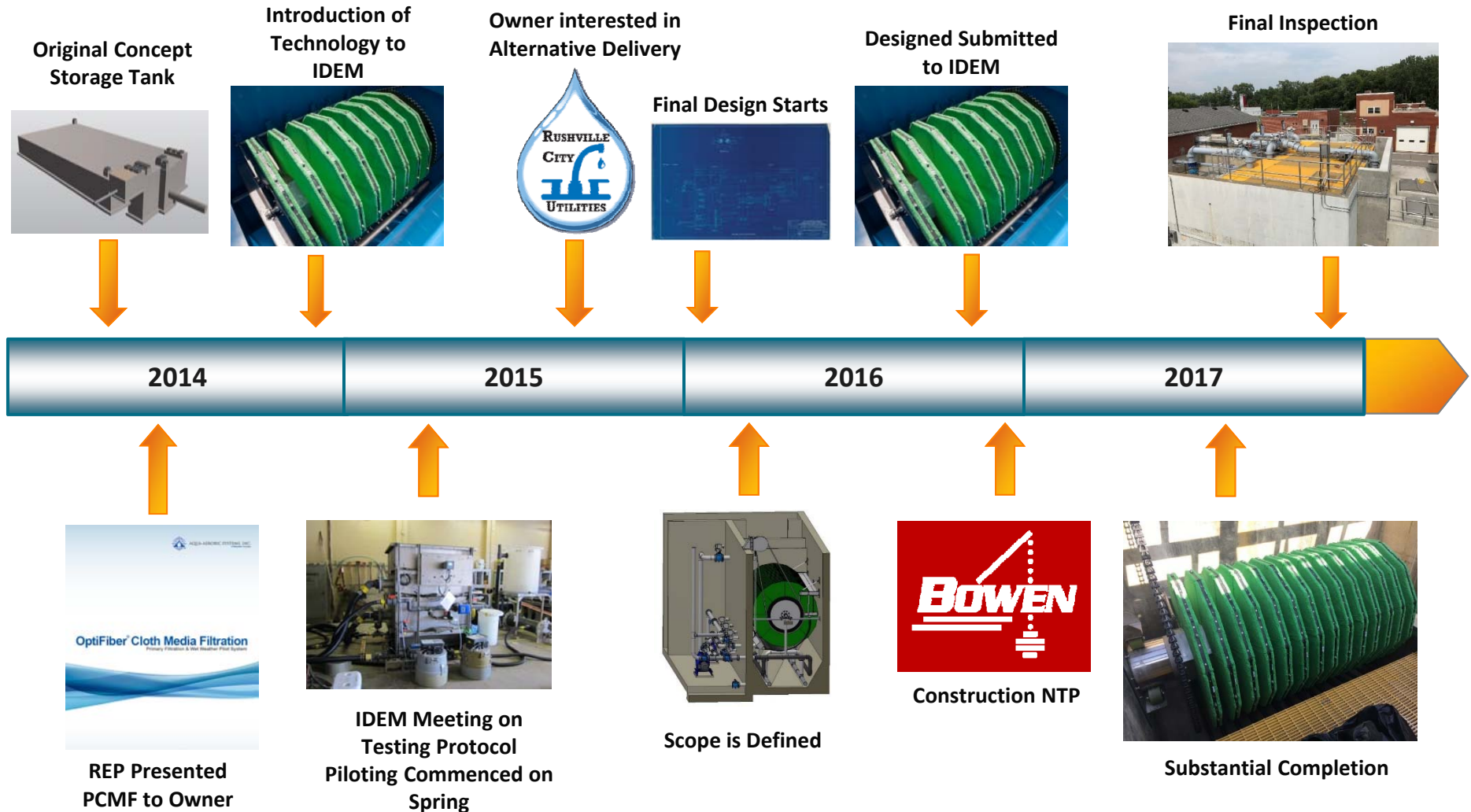
Elkhart, IN

Modeling



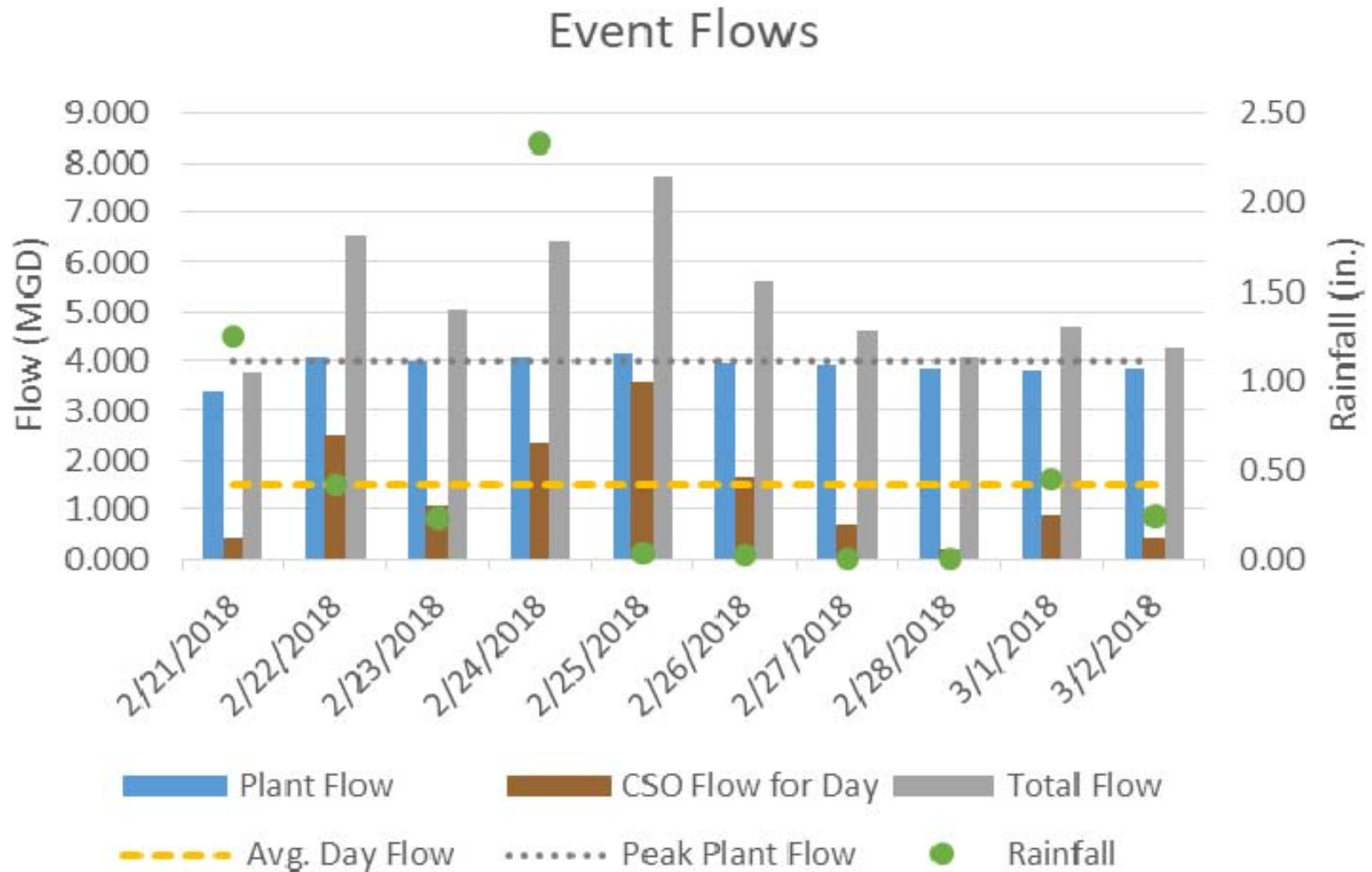
Rushville, IN Project

Phase 3 Wet Weather Improvements



Rushville Performance

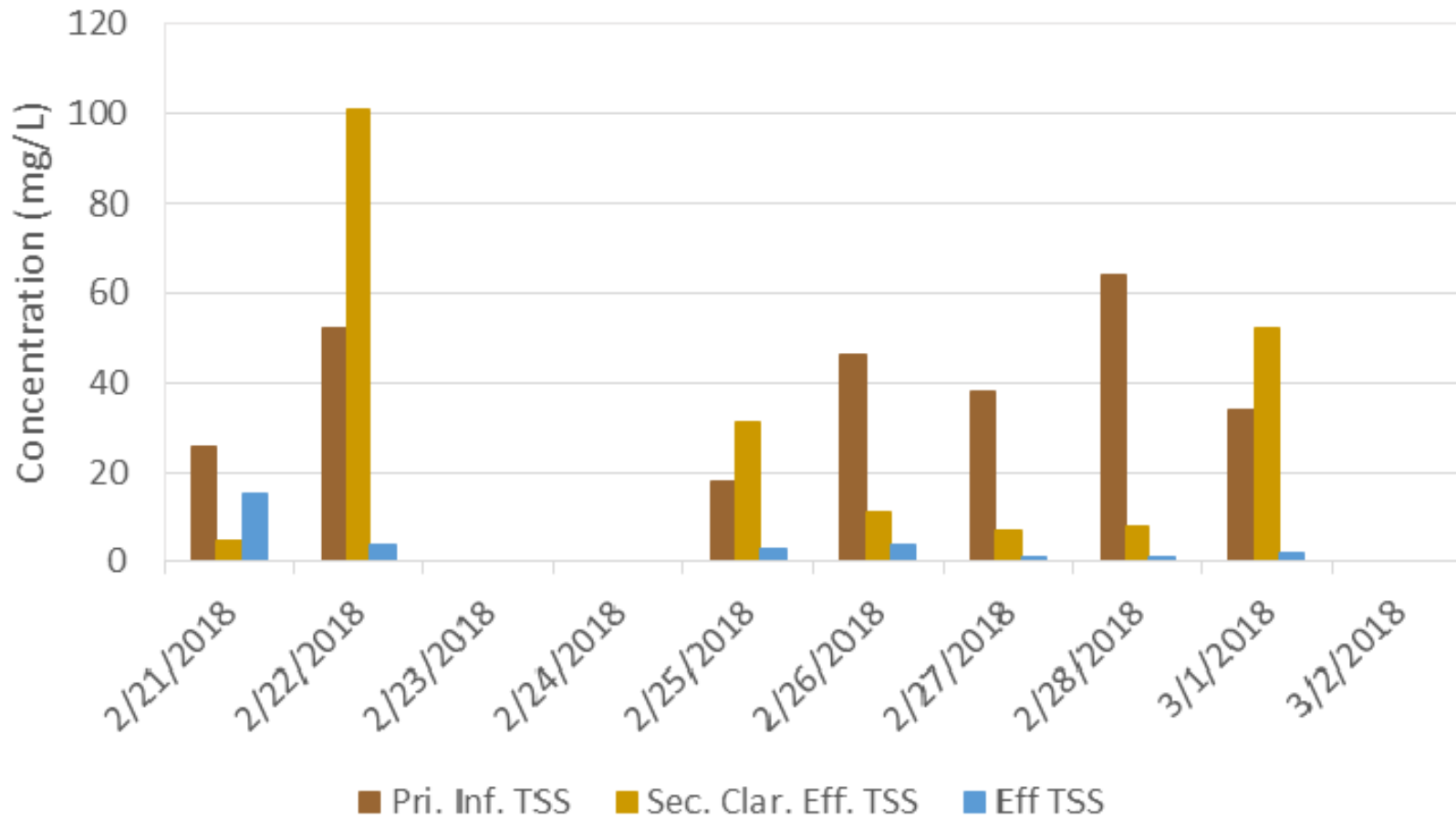
Wet Weather Event – Feb 21, 2018



Rushville Performance

Wet Weather Event – Feb 21, 2018

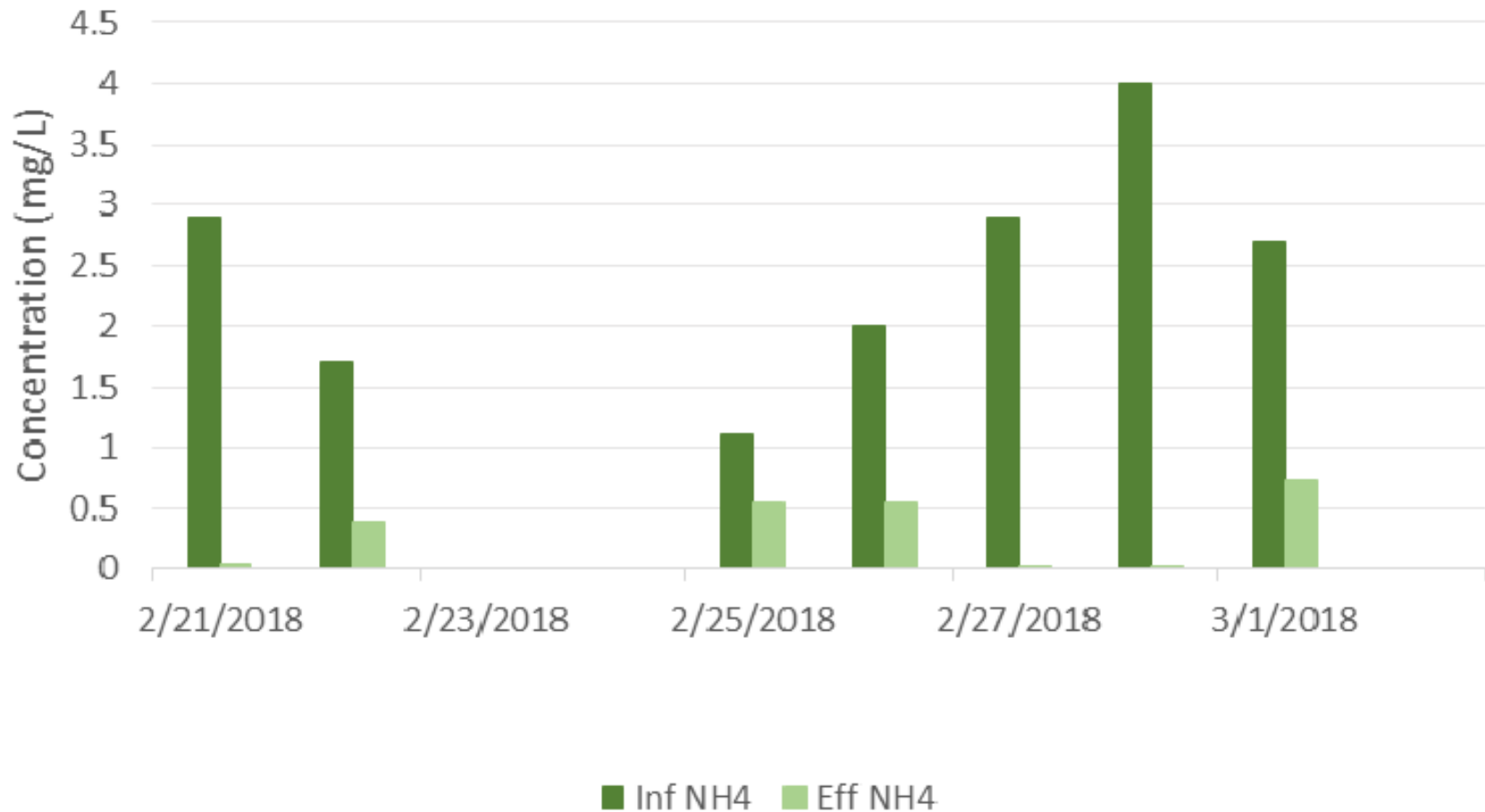
Event TSS Results



Rushville Performance

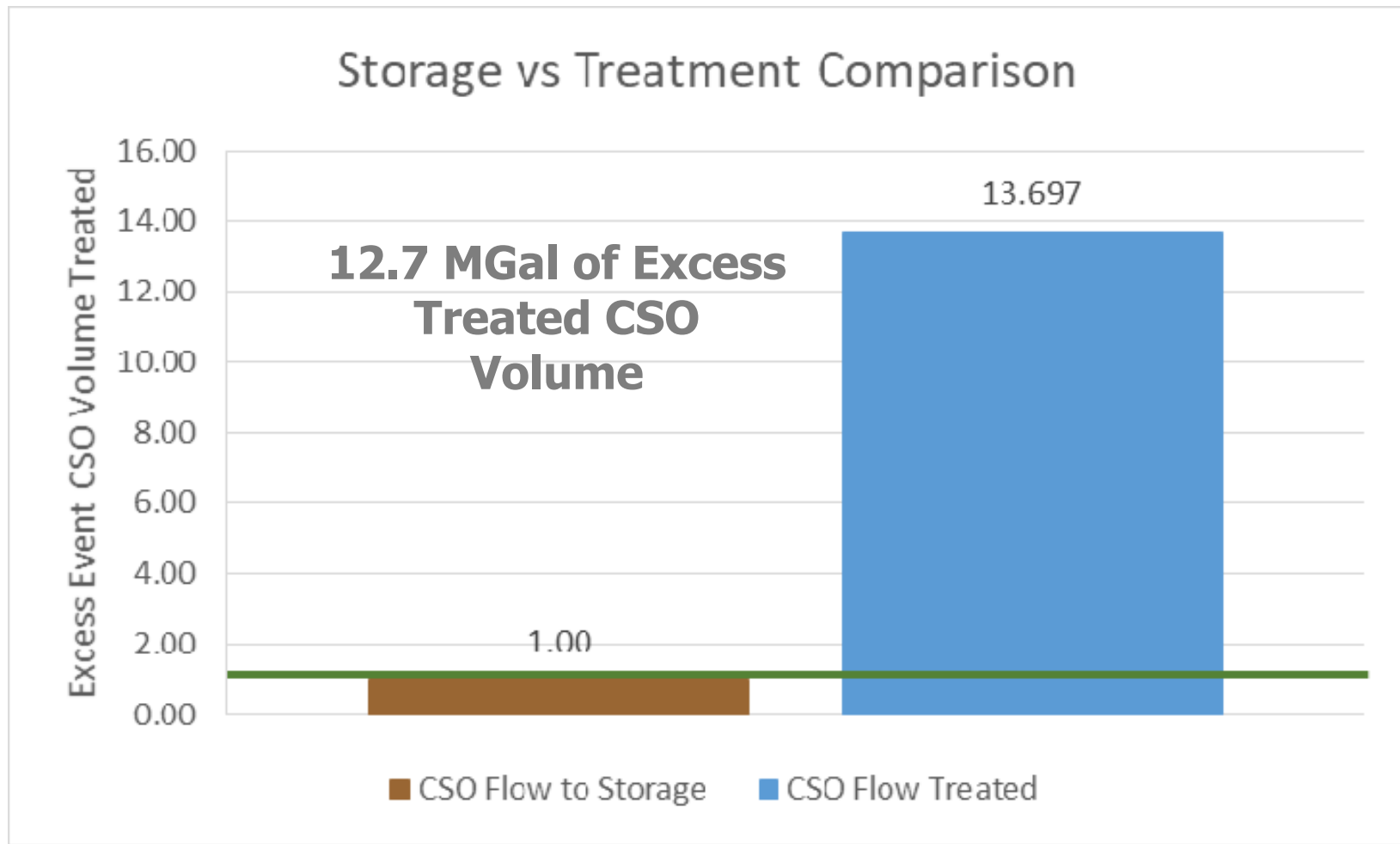
Wet Weather Event – Feb 21, 2018

Event NH4 Results



Rushville Performance

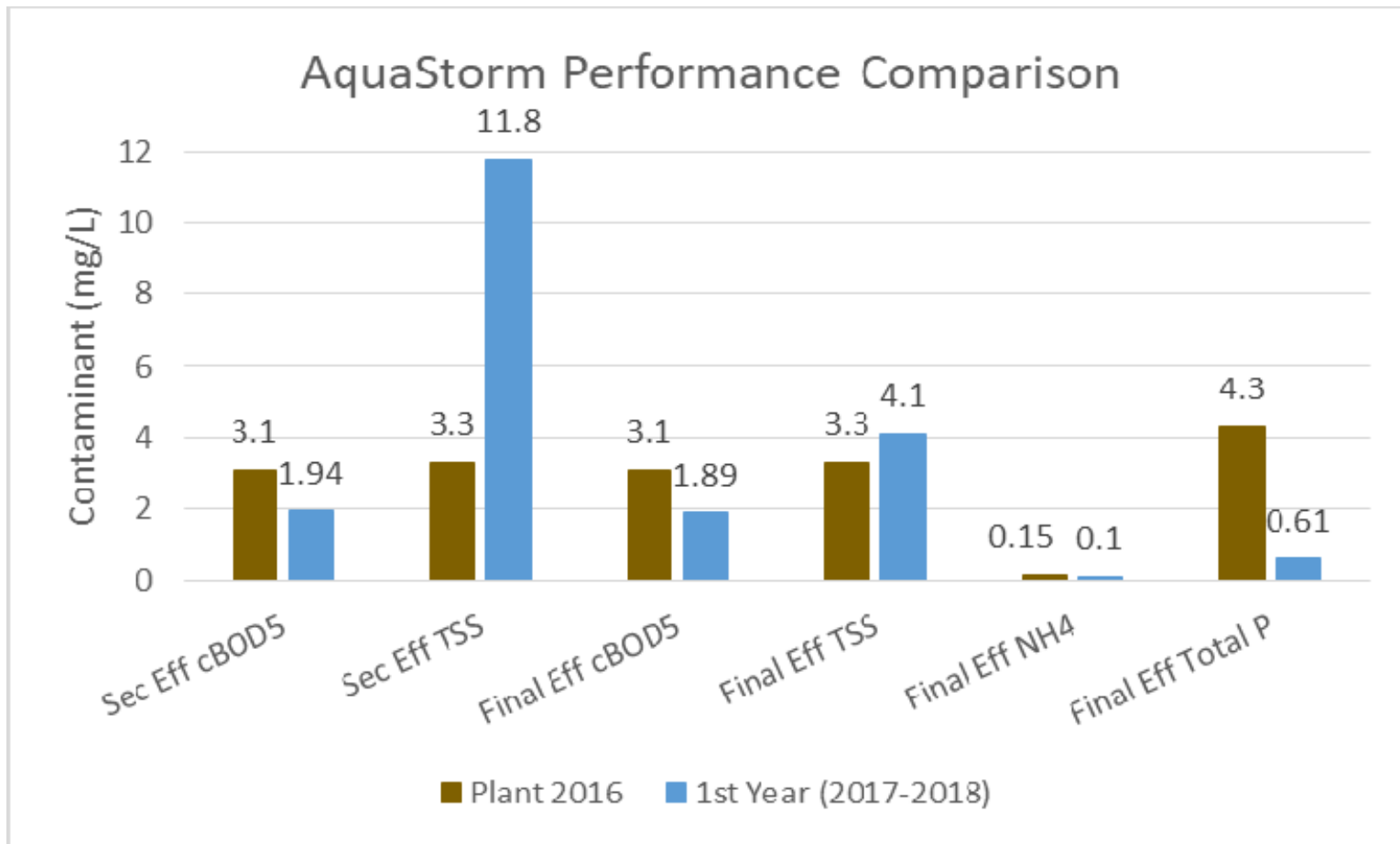
Wet Weather Event – Feb 21, 2018



Rushville Performance

1 Year of Operation

Comparison NPDES Permit vs. Monthly Average Effluent after CMDF Start-up



MSD Greater Cincinnati - MSDGC

Remote Site - CSO Treatment



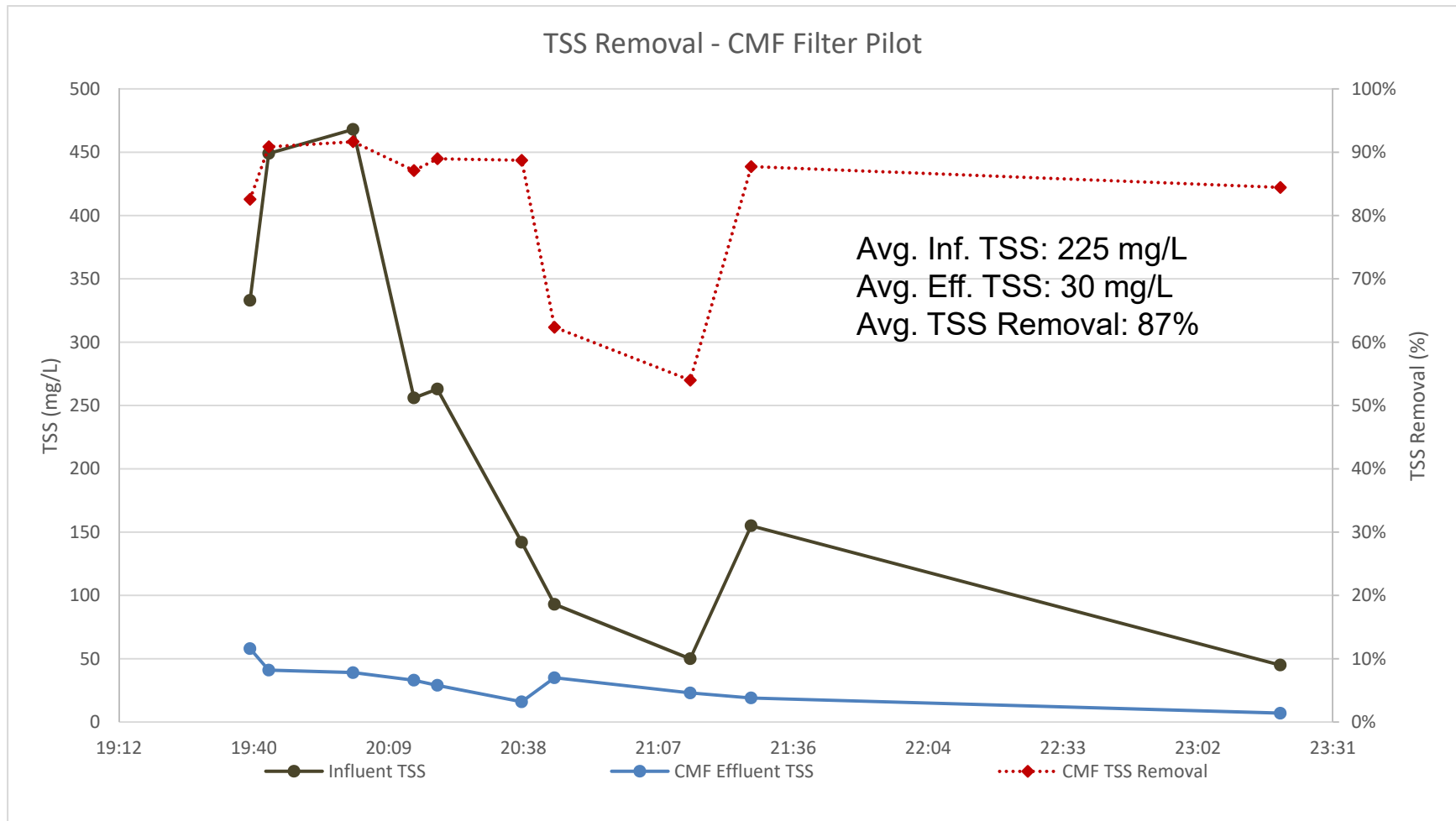
Figure: CSO Flow Balance (Courtesy of MSDGC Website)

- Average Overflows Totaling >11.5 billion annually
- System is comprised of SSO and CSO network areas
- 13 Large Overflow Sites needing additional treatment – presently screening and disinfection
- Investigating new solutions which are easy to startup and operate at remote sites.

Value	TSS (mg/L)	CBOD ₅ (mg/L)	E. Coli (ct/100 mL)
Min	60	10	10 ⁵
Avg	154.6	39.2	10 ⁶
Max	470	91	10 ⁷

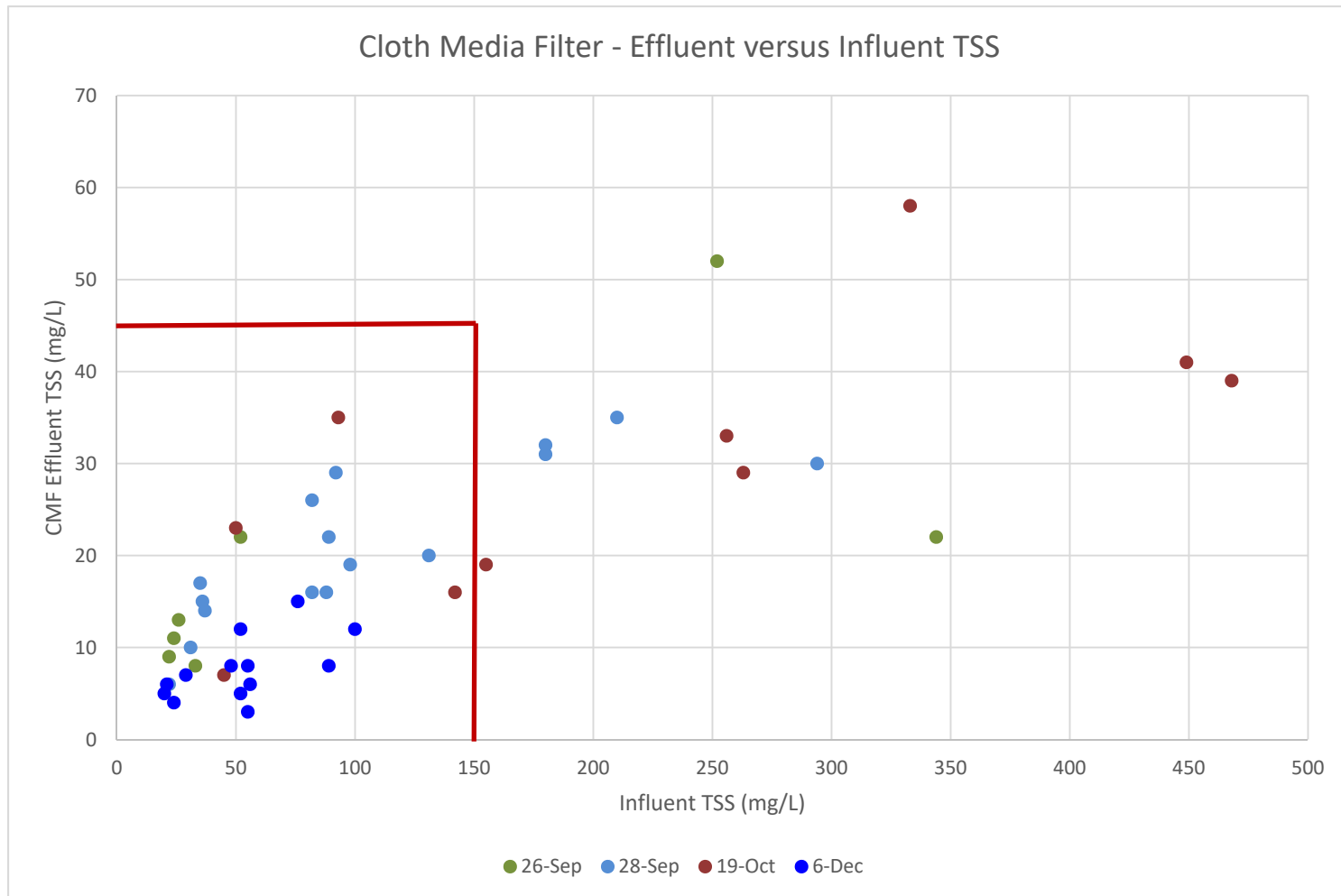
MSDGC Remote Site

CSO Treatment – 10/19/16



MSDGC Remote Site

CSO Treatment





Regulatory Update

Cause of Impairments

Cause of Impairment	Number of Causes of Impairment Reported
Pathogens	9,874
Nutrients	7,092
Metals (other than Mercury)	7,066
Organic Enrichment/Oxygen Depletion	6,602
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)	6,060
Sediment	5,964
Mercury	4,860
Cause Unknown - Impaired Biota	4,741
pH/Acidity/Caustic Conditions	4,450
Temperature	3,007

Source: https://iaspub.epa.gov/waters10/attains_nation_cy.control?p_report_type=T

EPA Standards

40 CFR 133.102 & 133.105

40 CFR 133.102

(Secondary Treatment)

Parameter	7-Day Avg (mg/L)	30-Day Avg (mg/L)	30-Day %
BOD ₅	45	30	85%
TSS	45	30	85%
cBOD ₅	40	25	85%

40 CFR 133.103

Special Considerations

- (a) Combined Sewers
- (b) Less concentrated influent wastewater for separate sewers and combined sewers and percent removal.

40 CFR 133.105

(Equivalent to Secondary Treatment)

Parameter	7-Day Avg (mg/L)	30-Day Avg (mg/L)	30-Day %
BOD ₅	65	45	65%
TSS	65	45	65%
cBOD ₅	60	40	65%

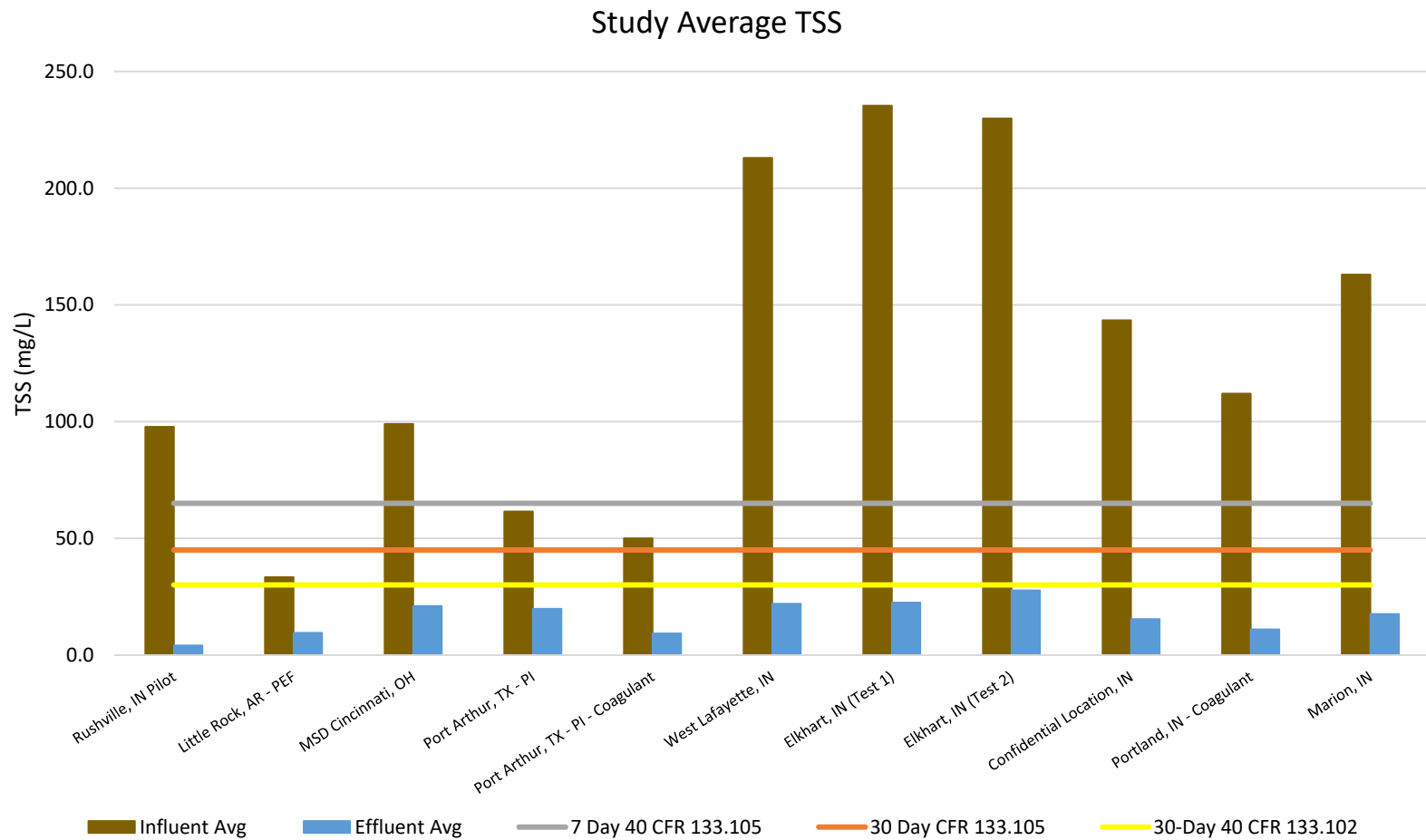
40 CFR 133.105

Eligible for Equivalent to Secondary Treatment

- (1) The BOD & SS effluent concentrations consistently achievable through proper O&M of the treatment works exceed the minimum level of effluent quality set forth in 133.102 (a) & (b).
- (2) Significant biological treatment.

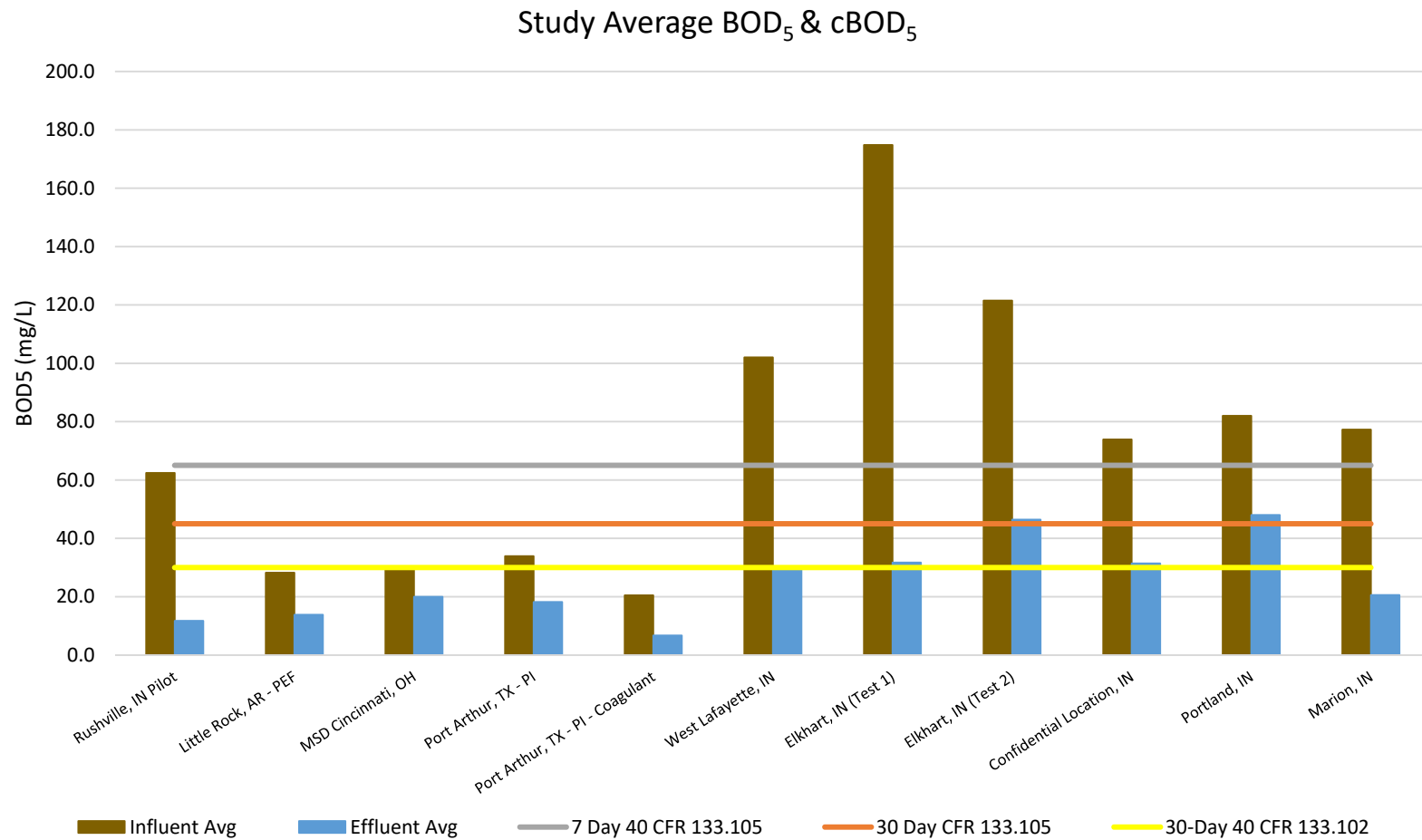
Wet Weather Piloting

Study Influent/Effluent TSS Averages

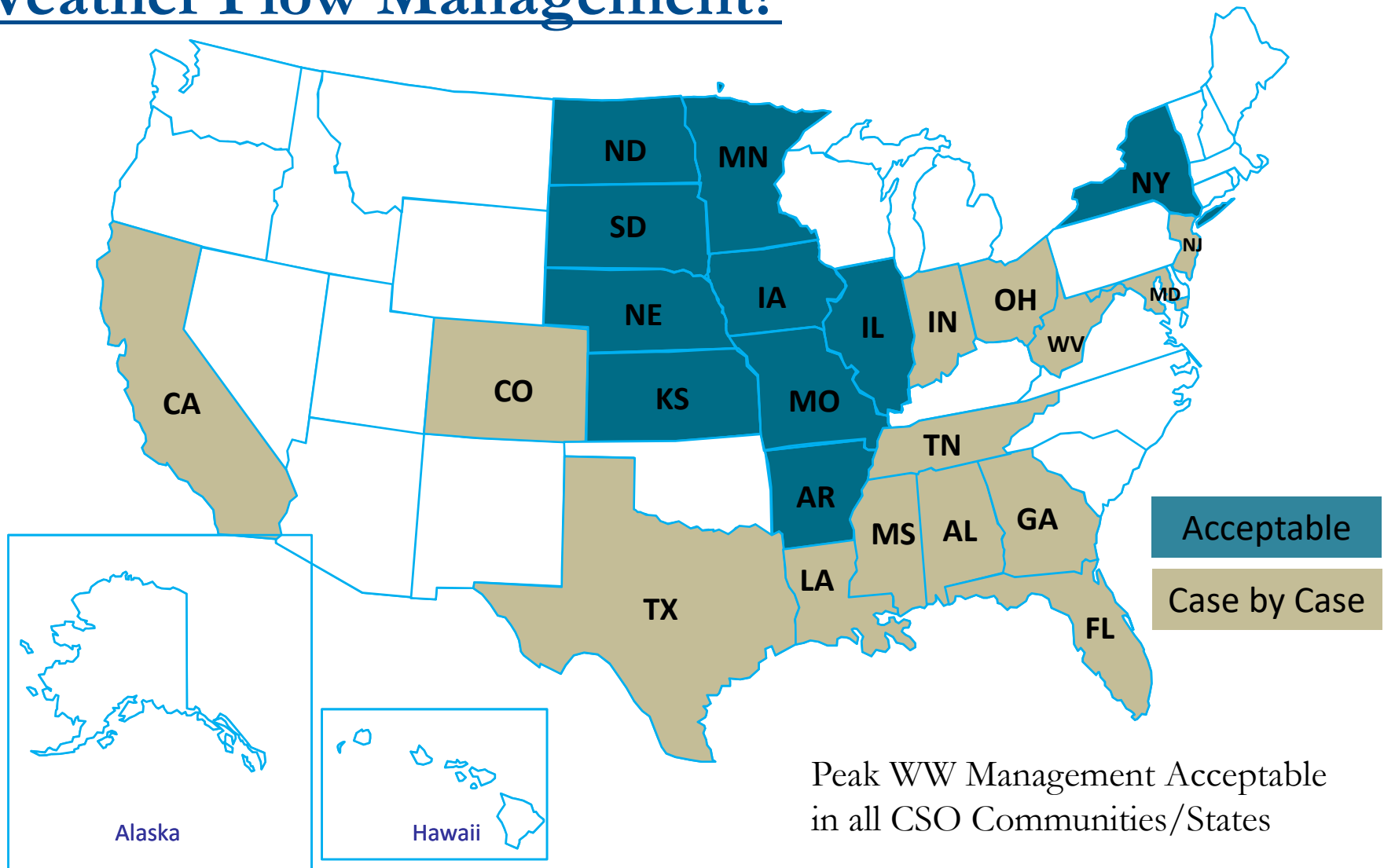


Wet Weather Piloting

Study Influent/Effluent BOD₅ & cBOD₅ Averages



What States Accept SSS Peak Wet Weather Flow Management?



General Permit Language

Bypass / Auxiliary Treatment

- Bypass and Upset
 - (a) Any bypass is prohibited except as provided in b. and c. below:
 - (b) A bypass is not prohibited if:
 - It does not cause any discharge limitation specified in Provision I. A. of this permit to be exceeded;
 - It enters the same receiving stream as the permitted outfall and;
 - It is necessary for essential maintenance of a treatment or control facility or system to assure efficient operation of such facility or system.

General Permit Language

Bypass / Auxiliary Treatment

- Bypass and Upset
 - (c) A bypass is not prohibited and need not meet the discharge limitations specified in Provision I. A. of this permit if:
 - It is unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property damage;
 - There are no feasible alternatives to the bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes, or maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime (this condition is not satisfied if adequate back-up equipment....);



Conclusion



Why AquaStorm™ EHRT?

Pile Cloth Media Filtration

- High Effluent Quality w/o Chemical
- Equivalent to Secondary Quality at Lower Cost
- Better Disinfection
 - Due to Solids Removal
 - Lower Disinfectant Dose Required
- Minimizes Pathogen Risk
- Considered BADCT by some regulators
- Lower cost than biological expansion



Why AquaStorm™ EHRT?

Pile Cloth Media Filtration

- “Non-biological peak flow secondary treatment process” per 8th Circuit Court
- Dual Use (Tertiary / Wet Weather Filtration)
- Small Footprint
- Simple to Operate, Maintain, Startup & Shutdown
- Easily enclosed in a building for remote sites
- Automatic & Remote Operation

Questions?

John Dyson

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A certificate for (1) PDH credit will be emailed following the presentation